



The Guardian Life Insurance Company of America

The Guardian Life Insurance Company of America underwrites group term life, accidental death and dismemberment, short term disability, long term disability, dental, vision, critical illness, accident and cancer coverages.

Dominion Dental Services, Inc. Dominion Dental Services, Inc. underwrites group pre-paid dental coverage.

Enrollment/Change Form

Page 1 of 3 Lexington, KY 40512 Please print clearly and mark carefully. Group Plan Number: **Employer Name:** Benefits Effective: PLEASE CHECK APPROPRIATE BOX ☐ Initial Enrollment ☐ Add Employee/ Dependents ☐ Drop/Refuse Coverage ☐ Information Change ☐ Family Status Change Class: _ Division: (Please obtain this from your Employer) About You: **Social Security Number** First, MI, Last Name: Address/City/State/Zip: Date of Birth (mm-dd-yy): _____ - ____ - ____ Phone: (Gender: M F **Email Address:** ☐ Yes ☐ No Are you married or do you have a spouse? Date of marriage/union: _____ - ____ - ____ Do you have children or other dependents? ☐ Yes ☐ No Placement date of adopted child: _____ - __ - ___ - ___ **About Your Job:** Hours worked per week: _____ Job Title: _____ Work Status: Date of full time hire: Active Retired Cobra/State Continuation About Your Family: Please include the names of the dependents you wish to enroll for coverage. A dependent is a person that you, as a taxpayer, claim; who relies on you for financial support; and for whom you qualify for a dependency tax exception. Dependency tax exemptions are subject to IRS rules and regulations. Additional information may be required for non-standard dependents such as a grandchild, a niece or a nephew. Gender Date of Birth (mm-dd-vvvv) Spouse (First, MI, Last Name) \square M □F Gender Date of Birth (mm-dd-yyyy) ☐ Add Status (check all that apply) Child/Dependent 1: \square M ☐ Drop Student (post high school) Disabled □F Non standard dependent Gender Date of Birth (mm-dd-vvvv) Child/Dependent 2: ☐ Add Status (check all that apply) \square M Student (post high school) Disabled ☐ Drop □F ☐ Non standard dependent ☐ Add Gender Date of Birth (mm-dd-yyyy) Child/Dependent 3: Status (check all that apply) \square M ☐ Student (post high school) ☐ Disabled ☐ Drop \Box F Non standard dependent

Child/Dependent 4:

 \square M

ΠF

☐ Add

☐ Drop

Gender Date of Birth (mm-dd-yyyy)

Status (check all that apply)

Non standard dependent

Student (post high school) Disabled

SIGNATURE OF EMPLOYEE X

DATE _____

Fraud Warning Statements

The laws of several states require the following statements to appear on the enrollment form:

Alabama: Any person who knowingly presents a false or fraudulent claim for payment of a loss or benefit or who knowingly presents false information in an application for insurance is guilty of a crime and may be subject to restitution fines or confinement in prison, or any combination thereof.

Arizona: For your protection Arizona law requires the following statement to appear on this form. Any person who knowingly presents a false or fraudulent claim for payment of a loss is subject to criminal and civil penalties.

California: For your protection California law requires the following to appear on this form: The falsity of any statement in the application shall not bar the right to recovery under the policy unless such false statement was made with actual intent to deceive or unless it materially affected either the acceptance of the risk or the hazard assumed by the insurer.

Colorado: It is unlawful to knowingly provide false, incomplete, or misleading facts or information to an insurance company for the purpose of defrauding or attempting to defraud the company. Penalties may include imprisonment, fines, denial of insurance and civil damages. Any insurance company or agent of an insurance company who knowingly provides false, incomplete, or misleading facts or information to a policyholder or claimant for the purpose of defrauding or attempting to defraud the policyholder or claimant with regard to a settlement or award payable from insurance proceeds shall be reported to the Colorado Division of Insurance within the Department of Regulatory Agencies.

Connecticut, Iowa, Kansas, Nebraska, Oregon, and Vermont: Any person who knowingly, and with intent to defraud any insurance company or other person, files an application of insurance or statement of claim containing any materially false information or conceals, for the purpose of misleading, information concerning any fact material thereto, may be guilty of a fraudulent insurance act, which may be a crime, and may also be subject to civil penalties.

Delaware, Indiana and Oklahoma: WARNING: Any person who knowingly, and with the intent to injure, defraud or deceive any insurer, makes any claim for the proceeds of an insurance policy containing any false, incomplete or misleading information is guilty of a felony.

District of Columbia: WARNING: It is a crime to provide false or misleading information to an insurer for the purpose of defrauding the insurer or any other person. Penalties include imprisonment and/or fines. In addition, an insurer may deny insurance benefits, if false information materially related to a claim was provided by the applicant.

Florida: Any person who knowingly and with intent to injure, defraud, or deceive any insurer files a statement of claim or an application containing any false, incomplete, or misleading information is guilty of a felony of the third degree.

Kentucky: Any person who knowingly and with intent to defraud any insurance company or other person files a statement of claim containing any materially false information or conceals, for the purpose of misleading, information concerning any fact material thereto commits a fraudulent insurance act, which is a crime.

Louisiana and Texas: Any person who knowingly presents a false or fraudulent claim for payment of a loss or benefit is guilty of a crime and may be subject to fines and confinements in state prison.

New Mexico: Any person who knowingly presents a false or fraudulent claim for payment or a loss or benefit or knowingly presents false information in an application for insurance is guilty of a crime and may be subject to civil fines and criminal penalties or denial of insurance benefits.

Maine, Tennessee, Virginia and Washington: It is a crime to knowingly provide false, incomplete or misleading information to an insurance company for the purpose of defrauding the company. Penalties may include imprisonment, fines or a denial of insurance benefit.

Maryland: Any person who knowingly or willfully presents a false or fraudulent claim for payment of a loss or benefit or knowingly or willfully presents false information in an application for insurance is guilty of a crime and may be subject to fines and confinement in prison.

Minnesota: A person who files a claim with intent to defraud or helps commit a fraud against an insurer is guilty of a crime.

New Hampshire: Any person who, with a purpose to injure, defraud or deceive any insurance company, files a statement of claim containing any false, incomplete or misleading information is subject to prosecution and punishment for insurance fraud, as provided in N.H. Rev. Stat. Ann. § 638:20.

New Jersey: Any person who knowingly files a statement of claim containing any false or misleading information is subject to criminal and civil penalties.

Ohio: Any person who with intent to defraud or knowing that he/she is facilitating a fraud against an insurer, submits an application or files a claim containing a false or deceptive statement is guilty of insurance fraud.

Pennsylvania: Any person who knowingly and with intent to defraud any insurance company or other person files an application for insurance or statement of claim containing any materially false information or conceals for the purpose of misleading, information concerning any fact material thereto commits a fraudulent insurance act, which is a crime and subjects such person to criminal and civil penalties.

Rhode Island: Any person who knowingly and willfully presents a false or fraudulent claim for payment of a loss or benefit or knowingly and willfully presents false information in an application for insurance is guilty of a crime and may be subject to fines and confinement in prison.